B.Sc.B.Ed 1st Semester Examination, 2020

Subject: ZOOLOGY

Course: CC 1- ANIMAL DIVERSITY (NON- CHORDATA)

Full Marks: 50 Time: 2 Hrs

Answer any ten (10) questions. $10 \times 5 = 50$

- 1. Write down the systematic position of the following animals (upto class)
 - a. Jelly fish
 - b. Liver fluke
 - c. Cuttle fish
 - d. Earth worm
 - e. Urn sponge
- 2. Give location and function/ significance of any of the two from the following list
 - a. Pinacocyte
 - b. Hexacanth larvae
 - c. Flame cell
- **3.** Write a short note on Locomotion in *Paramoecium* sp.
- **4.** Classify Kingdom Protozoa with examples
- **5.** Describe the process of conjugation in Protozoa
- **6.** What is metamerism? Discuss about excretion in Annelids
- **7.** Explain 'Torsion' observed in Gastropods.
- **8.** Describe the canal system found in *Sycon* sp.
- **9.** Give an account of polymorphism in Cnidaria.
- **10.** Distinguish between a. Protostome & Deuterostome; b. Scyphozoa & Anthozoa
- **11.** Briefly discus the affinities of Onychopora.
- **12.** Give a brief account of Water Vascular System in Asterias sp.

B.Sc.B.Ed 1st Semester Terminal Examination, 20__

Subject: ZOOLOGY

Course: GE 1.1- ANIMAL DIVERSITY (NON- CHORDATA)

Full Marks: 50

Answer any ten (10) questions. $10 \times 5 = 50$

- 1. Write the general characteristics of the Phylum Porifera.
- 2. Classify Annelida (upto class) with example.
- 3. Give an account of nutrition in Paramoecium sp.
- 4. Give Systematic Position of the following animals:
 - a. Tape worm
 - b. Star fish
 - c. Cockroach
 - d. Octopus
 - e. Leech
- 5. Give a brief account of coral reef distribution and conservation.
- 6. What is polymorphism? Where is it found?
- 7. What are the general parasitic adaptations found inn Helminthes?
- 8. Describe the process of respiration in prawn.
- 9. Briefly discuss the process of excretion in *Pila* sp.
- 10. Write a short note on larval forms of Ehinodermata.
- 11. Briefly discuss the structural organization of Onychophora.
- 12. What is Madreporite? Write the functions of water vascular system in Echinodermata.